Teaching for technology

Вінницький національний технічний університет

Анотація

Дана стаття розглядає нові методи навчання в вищих школах. Зацікавлення студентів практичним навчанням може поновити їх інтерес до знань при поєднанні теоретичних концепцій з конкретним застосуванням.

Ключові слова: практичне навчання, теоретичні поняття, застосування, вивчати, викладати, підхід.

Abstract

The given paper deals with the new methods of teaching at higher schools. Engaging students with applied academics may renew their interest by linking abstract concepts with concrete applications.

Keywords: applied academics, abstract concepts, application, to learn, to teach, approach.

Introduction

We live in an increasingly technical world with daily advances that drive our economy. The big question for these new technologies is, "Where will the future work force come from?" Even today there are so many jobs and so few qualified people to fill them. Insufficient numbers of students are opting for a technical career, thereby threatening the growth of high-tech initiatives.

Convincing concrete learners

Perhaps we need to teach differently to make learning an exciting challenge that engages more of our students. Experienced teachers know that how one learns and why one learns varies considerably from student to student. A typical high-school science class can be divided into three groups: those who are motivated and learn abstract concepts easily, those who are concrete learners and who master principles and concepts best when theory is connected to their world, and those whose talents lie in areas outside of math and science [1].

The first group is likely to focus on the sciences as a profession, while the third group is likely to turn elsewhere for career inspiration. In the context of the workforce shortage, we need to focus on the middle group – the concrete learners – who have the skills and potentially the interest to focus on a technology career, if properly engaged by the material.

The self-motivated, abstract learners are able to generalize without difficulty and extrapolate from principle to application [2].

They are usually intrigued by the subject matter and learn well, often because they are attracted by the beauty and rigor inherent in a particular mathematics or science course. This group of abstract learners forms the principal source from which we will acquire our future scientists and engineers.

The concrete learners need to sec the connection between theory and practice to learn well. They are talented, generally like to work in laboratory situations, enjoy using equipment to make measurements, and always learn best [3].

In too many classrooms, however, concrete learners are not given the opportunity to see and appreciate relevance and connection. As a result, most of this group loses interest in science.

Applied academics

To capture the interest of this group – and to enrich the learning experience of the abstract learners – we propose a concerted move from simply teaching academics to teaching applied academics. Applied academics provides real-world relevance for abstract subject matter and answers two key questions generally raised in students' minds: "Why do I have to learn this?" and "What is this good for?"

Applied academics remains true to the rigor and integrity of basic science and concepts while connecting the principles used. The approach is always contextual; for example, one learns in the practical context in which the basic concepts are used and valued. Contextual, applied academics is important because it does not turn off the concrete learners from science or engineering; rather it engages them [4].

With applied academics, we can take the opportunity to create an awareness of career options in. technical fields as students move through the educational system.

Conclusion

Teaching students in a way that is meaningful to them will benefit everyone.

СПИСОК ВИКОРИСТАНОЇ ЛІТЕРАТУРИ / REFERENCES

- 1. Столяренко Л.Д. Психология и педагогика высшей школы. Учебник. Ростов-на-Дону: Феникс, $2014.-620~\mathrm{c}.$
 - 2. Басова Н.В. Педагогики и практическая психология. Ростов-на-Дону: Феникс, 1999. 416 с.
- 3. Столяренко Л.Д., Столяренко В.Е. Психология и педагогика для технических вузов. Ростов-на-Дону: Феникс, 2001.-512 с.
- 4. Шарипов Ф.В. Педагогика и психология высшей школы: учебное пособие. М.: Логос, 2012. 444 с.

Габрійчук Людмила Едуардівна — старший викладач кафедри іноземних мов, Вінницький національний технічний університет, e-mail: LudmylaHabriichuk@gmail.com.

Ludmyla Habriichuk – senior teacher of English, the Foreign Languages Department, Vinnytsia National Technical University, Vinnytsia, e-mail: LudmylaHabriichuk@gmail.com.