

INFORMATION MODEL OF INDIVIDUAL REHABILITATION PROGRAM EFFICACY IN DISABLED PERSONS WITH CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES

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Анотація

На підставі математичного моделювання, віщуючий зважений ідентифікуються в індивідуальній реабілітаційній програмі (IRP), які впливають на ефективність відновлення обробляють і скорочують обмеження у блокованих індивідуумів з серцево-судинними хворобами. Згідно з багатовимірним покроковим аналізом дискримінанта, головне відновлення зважене, це підвищено ефективність відновлення у осіб з нездатністю із-за серцево-судинних хвороб аре: "тонізуюча терапія", "медичне спостереження", "радячись на фізичному відновленні", "терапевтичній фізкультурі", раціональне працевлаштування орієнтації професіонал ", "здібності професіонал ", "потенціал "огляд "і" адекватність професія і особливість порекомендувало в IRP ". Зважаючи на їх зважений і їх виконання значно збільшить ефективність відновлення особи з нездатністю з серцево-судинною патологією.

Ключові слова: модель прогнозування, індивідуальна реабілітаційна програма, відновлення, серцево-судинні хвороби нездатності.

Abstract

On the basis of mathematical modeling, prognostic measures are identified in the individual rehabilitation program (IRP), which influence on the effectiveness of the rehabilitation process and reduce the limitations in disabled individuals with cardiovascular diseases. According to a multivariate stepwise discriminant analysis, the main rehabilitation measures that increase the effectiveness of rehabilitation in persons with disabilities due to cardiovascular diseases are: "restorative therapy", "medical observation", "counseling on physical rehabilitation", "therapeutic physical education", "examination potential professional abilities ", "professional orientation ", "rational employment "and" adequacy of the profession and specialty recommended in IRP ". Taking into account these measures and their implementation will significantly increase the effectiveness of rehabilitation of a person with disabilities with cardiovascular pathology.

Keywords: prognostic model, individual rehabilitation program, rehabilitation, disabilities cardiovascular diseases.

Introduction

In recent decades cardiovascular diseases continue to keep the leading positions among the world population in causing disability. Thus, in Europe, more than 64 million people with cardiovascular pathology have sustained functional limitations, accounting for 23% of the total number of disabled individuals [1,2,3]. The reason of this trend is high prevalence of cardiovascular diseases on the one hand, and inadequate and ineffective rehabilitation measures, on the other [1]. Therefore, improvement of rehabilitation system in individuals with cardiovascular pathology has become one of the priority tasks both in Ukraine and worldwide. Rehabilitation service of disabled persons is regulated by unified individual rehabilitation program (IRP), its main function is the provision of comprehensive rehabilitation of a particular individual in order to eliminate the existing limitations in performance of daily life activities, or prevent their development and progression [4,5]. Most scientific papers deal with the study efficacy of separate rehabilitation methods, focusing on medical and physical aspects [6,7], although integrated approach is required to achieve target result in the process of life activity restoration [8,9,10].

IRP of 53412 disabled individuals from 22 regions of Ukraine with circulatory diseases were retrospectively studied (ICD-10 codes: I 00-99, except I60-I69, I71-I83).The ratio percentage of patients was the following: by age - 13.8% - young, 71.5% - middle-aged, 14.7% - elderly; by gender -38.0% - females, 62.0% - males. According to IRP data, 100.0% of disabled persons required medical rehabilitation measures, professional rehabilitation was required by

33.8%, vocational – by 53.8%, physical – by 73.4%, psychological and pedagogical adjustment – by 60.4%, social and personal – by 2.5%, rehabilitation equipment – by 15.4%, medical products – by 5.9% of disabled individuals.

The study was conducted by 61 parameters - types of rehabilitation services, formulated in the valid Form of Individual Rehabilitation Program (IRP) of a disabled person. Measures of medical, psychological and pedagogical, physical, professional, vocational, physical culture and sport, social and household rehabilitation, provision with rehabilitation equipment and medical products were analyzed [11,12,13].

Three-year monitoring of corresponding parameters (2012-2014) were performed. The parameters were evaluated by calculating Wilkes' Lambda variables, analyzing the received system of classification equations and the model validity. The variable "life activity restoration" of a disabled person within 1 year of compiling IRP was used as the endpoint. Grading of the variable "life activity restoration" was done according to the following classification: "complete restoration of life activity", "partial restoration of life activity", "no restoration of life activity", "increased limitation in performance of life activity".

Software package SCM Maple 15 was used in statistical processing of numerical data. In order to identify the priority parameters, having predictive value in achieving the endpoint and creation of predictive model, a multivariate Fisher's linear discriminant analysis was used.

CONCLUSIONS

- The structure of medical and social rehabilitation of disabled with cardiovascular pathology, available in Ukraine at present, predicts mostly "no restoration" or "increase" in life activity limitations emphasizing the need for improving IRP.
- Prognosis of the end point ("restoration of vital activity") in disabled individuals with cardiovascular pathology should be based on multivariate statistical model considering 61 major parameters in compiling IRP.
- According to multivariate stepwise discriminant analysis, major rehabilitation measures increasing rehabilitation efficacy in disabled individuals with cardiovascular diseases are the following: "restorative therapy", "medical screening"; "counseling in physical rehabilitation", "exercise therapy", "examination of potential professional abilities", "vocational education"; "rational employment" and "occupation or specialty recommended in IRP". Their integrated implementation will provide successful rehabilitation of disabled individuals with cardiovascular diseases.

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